

DIDSBUY PIONEER

VOL. XVI

DIDSBUY, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 30th, 1918

No. 5

In Stock all the Time, Good

Whitefish

Fresh From the Lakes

Another fine stock of home rendered and home-made

Pork Sausage

Highest prices paid for Coyote, and Muskrat Skins and Hides of all kinds.

N. A. COOK, Butcher

LEUSZLER BLOCK

Telephone 127

WE HAVE A FEW

White Sewing Machines

(Drophead)

which we are going to cut loose at a

Big Reduction in Price

Get one before they all go.

W. G. LIESEMER

HARDWARE OF ALL KINDS

Wood! Wood!

We have a large quantity of firewood on hand

STOCK-UP

while the going's good

New Castle Coal NOW ON HAND

GAS and OILS

always on hand

JAMES BODEN

(Successor to McClaine Wrigglesworth)

W. S. Durrer

UNDERTAKER AND
EMBALMER

Moved to residence opposite J. M.
Reed's house, Hespeler Street.

Phone 140

DIDSBUY, -o- ALTA

D. M. Sinclair

THE ALL-ROUND BLACKSMITH SHOP

Our Specialty:
Light, Fancy and Heavy
Horseshoeing.

D. M. SINCLAIR
Railway St., Didsbury

He who hesitates is lost---Advertise now

Huns Again Slaughtering Women and Children in England

The Germans again started their murderous air raids over England on Monday last, killing 14 men, 17 women and 16 children; injured 93 men, 59 women and 17 children; all but seven of the foregoing casualties occurring in London. The material damage was not serious.

Another attack was again made on Tuesday and they again attempted to enter London, but according to late reports on Tuesday night they had failed to do so, although the raid was still in progress.

In Monday's raid 70 British airmen went up after the Huns and all returned safely.

Committees of 1918 Town Council

The Council met last week. Mayor Sexsmith, Councillors Studer, Howe, Herber, G. Liesemer, Solicitor Freeman and Sec.-Treas. Brusso, present. Absent: Councillors Parker R. Reed and J. M. Reed.

The following committees were struck for the year 1918:

Public Works—A. G. Howe, I. Herber.

Electric Light—G. H. Liesemer, P. R. Reed.

Finance, Sanitation, Police, License, Fire and Property—J. M. Reed, A. G. Studer.

It was decided to shut down the electric light plant at 12:30 a.m. and start at the usual time in the morning.

Presentation Made to Popular Pastor

The congregation of Knox Presbyterian church gathered in the church building on Monday night for the purpose of making a presentation and saying farewell to Mrs. and Rev. D. H. Marshall, their retiring pastor.

Considering the extremely cold weather with a bitter wind blowing there was a good crowd out, the church being filled with the friends of the pastor and his wife.

The main feature of the occasion was the presentation of purses to the guests of the evening. The chairman, H. E. Osmond, after proceedings had been opened, called upon Mrs. Marshall to come to the platform where Mrs. Osmond made a neat address on behalf of the ladies of the congregation, the Ladies Aid and Women's Missionary Society, complimentary to Mrs. Marshall on her activity in church work during her residence amongst them and wishing her every success in her new home. Mrs. G. Watson then presented her with a purse of silver contributed by the ladies. Mrs. Marshall was completely taken by surprise, but managed to express her appreciation in a few well chosen words.

Rev. D. H. Marshall, with Mr. G. B. Sexsmith and Mr. H. W. Chambers, was then called to the front and Mr. Sexsmith made the address in which, with his usual humour and happy manner, he complimented Mr. Marshall on his work during the nine years he had been with the church and expressed the regret of the congregation at his departure, but wished him every success in his new field of work and asked him to accept the purse of gold as a token of their esteem and good will.

A very successful evening was closed with the singing of God Save The King.

Provincial Library

Rev. Mr. Marshall replied with a few well chosen remarks in which he referred to the splendid harmony which had always prevailed between him and the congregation and stated that both Mrs. Marshall and himself would look back with pleasure on their residence amongst them, and hoped that the work of the church would be kept up until his successor was appointed. He sincerely thanked them for their kind remembrance and good wishes.

The chairman then called upon Messrs. H. W. Chambers, F. Moyle, Parker R. Reed and Dr. Clarke for speeches and all responded in a manner very suitable to the occasion.

During the evening a programme of instrumental, songs and recitations were rendered by the following which helped materially to enliven the proceedings: violin selections by Mr. A and W. Gertz; duet by Miss Ruby and Dr. McL. Duncan; recitation by Mrs. J. Hugel; solo by Dr. Duncan; song by male quartette. Mr. W. Farrington and Miss M. Gertz accompanying the different numbers very acceptably on the organ.

The ladies had prepared a fine lunch of hot coffee and other good things, which it can be believed was much appreciated by those present, who fortified the inner man before again venturing out into the cold.

The proceedings were brought to a close with the singing of "God Be With You Till We Meet Again," and "God Save the King," and everybody before departing shaking hands and bidding farewell to Mr. and Mrs. Marshall.

The Women's Institute Social a Success

The concert and box social held by the Women's Institute on Friday night last was a success in spite of the very cold weather, a fairly large attendance being present in the Opera House to hear the performance.

Proceedings were opened with the singing of "The Maple Leaf," after which Mrs. W. H. Chambers gave a good address on the aims and objects of the Women's Institute, which was well received.

A fine programme of songs, dances, recitations and instruments, most of which received hearty encores, were rendered by Mrs. J. Hugel, Mrs. W. Keely, Miss D. Acton, Miss M. Chambers, the Misses Lucille and Laura Smith, Laura, Evelyn and Orfa Liesemer, A. Schmelkie, Reta Weigand, Shantz, Wilson and Ross, and Master Aylmer Liesemer.

After the programme the box social was held and every person enjoyed themselves as they saw fit. Mr. G. B. Sexsmith auctioned the boxes which in the majority did not fetch high prices although there were some very handsome creations made to attract the male eye. The proceeds of the sale were \$90.70, from which is to be deducted the sum of \$12.15 for expenses, leaving a balance of \$88.55 to be divided between the Red Cross and Ogden Convalescent Home.

A very successful evening was closed with the singing of God Save The King.

BORN

GABEL—On Monday, Jan. 21st, 1918, to
Mr. and Mrs. H. Gabel, a son.

PATRIOTIC FUND
Received by H. E. Osmond, Sec.
H. W. Chambers, \$55

AROUND THE TOWN

L. McLean, of Red Deer, was a visitor in town for a few days last week on business.

Mrs. A. Gertz and Mrs. D. Irwin will have charge of the Red Cross lunch on Friday afternoon.

N. T. Purcell has completed a deal for the sale of his confectionery and fruit business to Mr. Sayers of Vancouver.

R. I. Piles, who has taken over D. Jones' cattle and hay buying business, shipped 2 carloads of good beef cattle last week.

Mr. L. B. Fulkerth intends holding a big auction sale of 100 cattle, 20 horses and a large quantity of farm implements, on Tuesday, Feb. 12th. Don't miss it.

Will Pardy, of Acme, was a visitor in town on Friday last. Mr. Pardy was a resident of Didsbury some years ago and was one of the builders on the school.

(Continued on last page)

BUSINESS LOCALS

SC A LINE IN ADVANCE IN THIS COLUMN

No advertisement taken for less than 25c.

J. V. BERSCHT'S GREAT CLEARAWAY SALE will begin next Saturday and continue for 16 days. Every line in the store is reduced. Look for red circular.

LOST—A Ladies Scarf and Sweater at the Opera House Wednesday night of last week. Finder kindly leave at Rosebud hotel and receive reward of \$5. 1p

Be sure and consult Dr. Meeklenburg, the highly qualified and exclusive Eye Sight Specialist, who will again be at Olds Saturday, MARCH 2nd; at Didsbury, Monday, MARCH 4th; Carslairs, Tuesday, MARCH 5th. Fees are moderate.

FOR SALE One Royal Typewriter, nearly new. A snap. J. V. Berscht.

FOR SALE—Rhode Island Rose Comb roosters. A splendid utility bird and good stock. Apply E. E. Wilson, Didsbury.

Dr. M. Meeklenburg, the old reliable graduate, long experienced and well established Optician, will again be at the Rosebud hotel Monday, MARCH 4th; also at Olds, Victoria Hotel, Saturday, MARCH 2nd, and at Carslairs, Tuesday, MARCH 5th. Do not fail to see him.

Women's Low Overshoes and Rubbers, sizes 3, 3½ and 4, sale price 55c at J. V. Berscht's Great Clearaway Sale beginning Saturday next, Feb. 2nd.

Let US Do Your Draying

ON FEB. FIRST, 1918

I will take over the dray business formerly conducted by Shantz Bros. and I solicit a share of your business. No matter what kind of hauling or draying you require we can satisfy you.

OFFICE—Western Mutual Fire Ins. Co.'s building. PHONE 10

JAS. A. RUBY

Own a Home

Thousands of acres of Western Canada's choicest lands awaiting development.

EASY TERMS LOW INTEREST
We will lend you money to buy stock and erect buildings in certain locations

If Interested Address
Canadian Pacific Railway Co.
Department of Natural Resources

ALAN UMMERON
General Supt of Lands, Calgary
FRANK HENDERSON
Agent for Central Alberta, Olds

CHEW "PAY ROLL" TOBACCO

A BRIGHT TOBACCO OF THE FINEST QUALITY

10 CENTS PER PLUG

The Squire's Sweetheart

BY
KATHARINE TYNANWARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

"Hilary!" she said. "I don't know where you have sprung from; but Heaven must have sent you. She has had a very bad attack. The worst yet. I was praying I might find someone to take a telegram message for me to Sarney's shop in the village where there is a call office. I want Mr. Langton to come at once. 4713, Mayfair. Oh, Hilary dear, how glad I am to see you!"

Her joy was rather for the opportuneness of the messenger than for him personally, yet his heart leaped and sang though he tried to keep it grave and sorrowful as befitting the message he was carrying as he ran on his way up hill and down dale to the village he had passed through a couple of miles back.

It took some little time to get on to Mr. Langton, but finally he succeeded. Mr. Langton would come at once.

He raced back again at headlong speed. The way was too long for him, but he could not shorten it except by putting on a sprint; and it was really an incredibly short space of time till he stood at the cottage door, panting, while he gave Margaret Mr. Langton's message.

"She is a little better," the girl said in a whisper. "I have never seen her so exhausted before. I was afraid she was going to slip through my fingers; but now she is sleeping easily."

Her bosom heaved and he saw the lift of it through the muslin of her dress; her voice was suddenly lost in tears. She was not looking herself. The long anxiety had told on her fresh and joyous beauty.

"Poor Hilary," she said, in a trembling voice. "You have been killing yourself running my message. I am going to get you some tea. Afterwards you will tell me how you came to be here."

He sat down on the green seat under the apple tree to get cool. Margaret came and went, talking to him in low tones. Her mother still slept. Presently, when she awoke, Hilary might see her. He was not to be too frightened, or to let her see that he thought she looked ill.

She spread a cloth on the little green table and brought out the cups and saucers, a loaf and a pat of butter, honey in a glass dish, and other things. Hilary noticed that her hands looked work-worn. Somehow he loved them better than when they had been white and delicate. He could hardly keep himself in full view of the road, from taking them into his own and kissing them.

The girl had assumed some new majesty to him. He approached her with a feeling of adoration. Was this—could this be the Margaret with whom he had taken part in many childish pranks? it was she who led the way into all the scrapes, he who followed. Once she had refused to put gentles on a hook when they went fishing and he had been contemptuous of her. She had had a few feminine timidities. Cattle alarmed her unless she was sure of them. He had once forced her by his taunts to cross a field where there was a bull and the beast had chased her. What a merciless young savage he had been!

The scared look was passing away from her eyes while she talked in a low voice, sweet as the running laughter of the birds about them. She could not get over the marvel of Hilary's having discovered them by such mere chance at a moment when she needed help so badly. "It was a very bad fright," she said plaintively.

"You ought not to have to bear it alone," Hilary said.

She colored slightly. "I have become an expert nurse," she answered. "No one else would care so much."

"There is only one other person," said Hilary. "Have you noticed how tired and old-looking Mr. Langton has become?"

"I have not noticed anything," said Margaret. "I have been thinking too much of her. Is it not a sweet spot?"

But we shall have to leave it as the summer advances. Even as it is, though we are only half-way down the ravine, we do not get enough air. I will not go back to Marigolds where she was so unhappy, where they were so hateful about her."

"The Squire thinks you should come back. So does Mr. Pritchard. So does everybody. You will like Mrs. Meyrick."

Margaret's eyes rested on him quietly.

"I shall have to go some time," she said.

"With me," said Hilary; and the impetuous color flamed in his face. "You are not going to elude me again."

WATERY BLISTERS FORMED ERUPTIONS

On Hands. Caused Disfigurement, Itching and Burning. Cuticura Healed.

"The trouble which I had affected my hands only. It first came in watery blisters under the skin, and if they were scratched they broke, causing a mass of sore eruptions that caused disfigurement, itching, burning and loss of sleep. The trouble lasted about one year and after using the Cuticura Soap and Ointment for about three months I was completely healed." (Signed) Miss Aileen Sweet, Main St., Eastman, Que.

Keep your skin clear by daily use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

For Free Sample Each by Mail address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. A, Boston, U. S. A." Sold everywhere.



Dearest, am I a stick or a stone? Your mother was always gentle to me. I shall ask her to plead my cause."

She lifted her hand.

"It is the motor," she said. "I did not think it could have been here so soon. He must have raced."

She went away from Hilary to the garden gate, and looked up the hill. The big motor was just gliding down it.

"She has been very bad," she said, meeting Mr. Langton. "I thought she was going. She is better, sleeping quietly."

The harassed look deepened on his face.

"Poor child!" he said gently; "and you were alone?"

"Through the worst of it. Then Hilary came."

"I thought I recognized his voice over the telephone. I am glad you sent for him at last."

She did not say she had not sent for him. It was no time for explanations.

With a nod to Hilary Mr. Langton passed into the cottage. He sat down by the sofa on which Lady South lay, awake now, and felt her pulse. She was very pale, as she lay with an exhausted air upon the sofa cushions, her features oddly sharpened, against the red of the sofa back; purple shadows about her eyes and lips. The hand he took into his was cold and damp.

"Was it very bad?" he asked tenderly.

"It was terrible. My poor girl! How she suffers for me!"

"Do you know that Hilary Strangways is with her?"

"She had sent him for you. I am so glad for her. He came in the nick of time. They were always such friends."

"They are more than friends. Mavis. They are lovers. Margaret has kept poor Hilary in suspense. Perhaps she was afraid of herself. She would not write nor let me tell him this address. There they go. Mar-

garet has taken him down towards the wood."

"She will be safe with Hilary when I am gone."

A strange excitement came into Mr. Langton's face.

"They are not to wait for that," he answered. "I said to myself when I got Margaret's message that this thing must be put to a stop. You have been cruel to me, Mavis. I'm going to take care of you whether you will or not. For whatever time is left to us you shall be cared for as woman was never cared for before. You owe so much to me. What a life it has been!"

"A sick woman, a dying woman," she said feebly. "What have I to do with marriage?"

"That is as God wills it," he said. "If there were any other way than marriage I would take it, and please you to the bitter end."

"I have too much pity," she said, "toadden your life with a woman like me. Why should you be chained to an invalid's sofa—at your age?"

"Because it is the one possible happiness life holds for me," she said, "and for you. Here I am, your slave, for the time that is left to us."

She was too weak to protest much. She let him take her hand and hold it in his quietly, while the joy flashed into his weary face.

"I would not consent," she said; "only for poor Margaret; only that it will not be for long; only that . . ."

"I accept it," he said, "for Margaret's sake; for Hilary's sake; for my own sake. As for its not being for long, well I shall fight to keep my wife. Anyhow—if it was only for an hour you will be mine. That is enough."

THE END

A Hard World

The world is rough, but never mind! Keep cheerful as you go, For if you stop to kick you'll find You've only stubbed your toe.

Domestic quarrels are the coupons torn from the bonds of matrimony.

Reducing Expenses

The war has so increased the cost of living, the housewife must make her money go further.

By using Red Rose Tea, which chiefly consists of strong, rich Assam teas, she can keep her tea bills down. The rich Assam strength requires less tea in the pot—and there's only one tea with the rich Red Rose flavor!

Kept Good by the Sealed Package



APPLEFORD'S SANI-WRAPPERS

Use Sani-Wrappers It Pays



Your customers will appreciate your care and cleanliness as your parcel their purchases of meats, butter, bread and vegetables in Appleford's Sani-Wrappers.

Particular trade goes to the store that is careful of the details of cleanliness and appearance.

Ask your Jobber for Appleford's Sani-Wrappers, or write us direct for samples and prices.

Appleford Counter Check Book Co., Limited

HAMILTON, CANADA

OFFICES AND WAREHOUSES AT TORONTO, MONTREAL, WINNIPEG and VANCOUVER.



W. N. U. 1190

First and Last-A Newspaper



**SUBSCRIBE
To THE CALGARY HERALD
ALBERTA'S GREATEST DAILY**

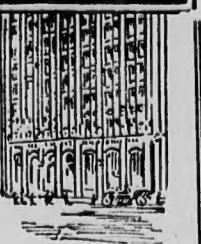
What to Buy-and Where

THE metropolitan newspaper of today aims to carry ALL the news.

Ranking equal in importance to the news contained in its reading columns is that which is found in its advertising columns. Both are of interest to the reader. THE CALGARY HERALD IS THE ONLY NEWS-PAPER PUBLISHED IN CALGARY WHICH CARRIES THE FULL STORE-NEWS ANNOUNCEMENTS OF THE BIG STORES. Proportionally it is patronized by the other merchants who have good goods to sell. To the buyer in and out of town this is an important factor in the choice of a newspaper.

**SPECIAL
TRIAL SUB-
SCRIPTION
OFFER
4 MTHS. \$1**

The regular subscription price to The Herald is \$4.00 a year by mail, but if you cut out this advertisement and send it with your name, P.O. address and ONE DOLLAR (\$1.00) to the Circulation Manager, The Herald, Calgary, you will receive The Herald daily for four months.

**TIMOTHY SEED**

We are buyers in large and small lots. Highest prices. Write us, stating quantity for sale.

ALSO

Brome Grass, Six-rowed Barley, Seed Oats
Steele Briggs Seed Co. Limited

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA

A Rousing Invitation

is extended to every "Milk or Cream Seller" in this Didsbury district to start the new season right.

Bring in your stuff, you cannot flood us any time in the whole year.

Our aim is to establish a plant and equipment here at your door that will manufacture your raw milk or cream into every finished product that can be put on the market. This plant, when completed, will enable you to compete and always get the leading prices. Come in with us and boost this industry for Didsbury.

We can buy any produce you have to sell from your farms, and sell anybody Cheese or Butter at manufacturers' prices.

If You Need a Milking Machine

To solve the labor problem, we have in stock the machine with engine that has proven its accomplishment for your neighbors. Let us install it for you before the rush starts.

Prosperity for all is our best wish.

Carlyle Dairy Co. A. R. Kendrick
Manager

Box 369

Phone 24

Royal George**HOTEL**101 STREET, EDMONTON
The House of Service and Comfort

100 Rooms. Running Hot and Cold Water. We have several extra large rooms with two beds, with or without private bath. The Diningroom is our hobby, and the meals at **50 CENTS** cannot be beaten. Only two blocks from C. N. R. and G. T. P. depots.
European plan **\$1.00** up
American Plan **\$2.50** per day

L. P. Clement, Mgr.

Is your subscription to
the Pioneer paid up?



Getting into the Home
Women buy more than
two-thirds the merchandise sold in retail stores
and every woman reads
the Classified Want Ads.
Our paper goes into the homes and the Want
Ads. will reach the
Spenders.

The Didsbury Pioneer

H. E. Osmos, Prop.

Subscription: \$1.50 per year
U. S. Points: \$2.00 per year

**An Interesting Letter
From a Well Known
Westerdale Man
At the Front**

France, Sept. 26th, 1917.

Dear Friends of Westerdale
Sunday School:

I wish to say at the outset that I am sorry for having kept you waiting so long for a letter from me, but one becomes rather neglectful of his correspondence here. Indeed, at times, one has all he can do to find time to write home, one of the first duties of a soldier. After spending six months in this country in different parts I find there is so much I might write about that it is difficult to decide what might prove most interesting to you. Of course there is no use of my writing anything about the war, since you have heard of nothing else, and like myself, do not care to talk about it. There are a few things which impressed themselves on my mind as interesting, and I will do my best to give you an idea of them. The country in general resembles that around Westerdale, excepting perhaps that there are more hills here. The French believe in cultivating every available inch of ground, and as a result as far as one can see there are no fences of any kind, except just around a farm building, where stone or brick is employed. The people, even agriculture laborers, do not live in separate places, but congregate in small villages and go out to work on the land. Every man has his own holding and cultivates it to his own desire. The result is that you will see an acre of potatoes, next an acre of wheat, next one of oats and so on. There are no large fields of grain where one could wade in with an eight foot binder. The houses are all brick and stone, perhaps on account of high prices of lumber, but I think because the people build their houses to last. A farm house, stables, etc. are in a square; next the house a space is paved, and in the centre of the square, perhaps fifteen feet from the door, is the manure heap from the stables, and in the majority of cases the well from which the water supply is taken is just on the edge of the heap; needless to say we are not using those wells. All the rain from the roofs runs into the centre which is generally lower than at the outside. Of course these are the dwellings of the laboring class of the tenant farmers. The richer class have fine houses set in lovely grounds, and it is a pleasure to look at some of the homes here. The towns are much the same as in England, but are not so clean looking. The streets and country roads are all cobblestones and are very bad to walk on. I think the English are teaching them something about road making for they have miles of perfect roads leading to the lines. The organization in the army is wonderful and a wounded chap gets the best of care, for only a few hours after being hit he is in a comfortable bed miles from the line, where attentive nurses and skilled doctors do all possible to make him comfortable and cure him of his injuries. I have had some hospital experience myself in France

and cannot speak too highly of the care and attention shown to the injured soldiers. Our life in the army changes every day, here today and there tomorrow. We are constantly on the move, seeing new places and making our homes, maybe for the night only, under all sorts of conditions. In fine weather the outdoor life is great, but in the cold and wet one is glad to have a roof over him. Billets vary, depending where we are, from a room in a house when on rest to a German dugout forty feet below the ground. Some of the latter are excellent, being built of cement, large and roomy, with fairly comfortable bunks. At present I and a friend have a nice little home built of sand bags and plank, about ten by six feet, and have it fairly well fitted up with shelves, hooks, and a bed made of twigs which we have to keep renewing as the leaves come off and the hard switches are felt through the rubber sheets. You no doubt hear a good deal of talk about the liquor in England and here. Now you can take it from me, the chaps who write back and talk so much about it have not formed their opinions correctly. I have seen as much in England as the next chap and have not seen any ruined or degraded in the Canadian army yet. The beer sold in canteens is such that a chap would have to stay for about two days to become intoxicated, and the average soldier has not enough money to buy enough liquor to become a moral wreck such as some chaps spread about. There is less drunkenness in the Canadian army than in any on record, and it is a reflection on the characters of the brave fellows to even insinuate that they drink to excess. The Canadian soldier makes use of the power of self control more than a great many give him credit for. Such reports spread by people who know nothing whatever about it are not taken kindly by the boys here. So rest assured there is nothing in such startling, vivid descriptions of the effect of liquor on the Canadian soldier. There is one thing which I have noticed in the army, and you will no doubt be pleased to hear of it, and that is the attitude of the average soldier towards religion and religious things; whether it is the constant danger one is in or the thoughts of one's loved ones far away I do not know, but nevertheless a man's thoughts turn more to the teaching of the Bible than ever they did before. Of course, service is compulsory in the army, but at the services at the Y. M. C. A. and other places on Sunday evening, and on week nights, one will always find the building or tent full to the doors. At communion services before going into the line and out of it one always finds large attendance. The chief effect of the army life on the young man is to steady him and give him better control over himself and to influence him to live a better life afterwards. It is not assisting any to degrade a man, make a drunkard out of him and ruin him physically and spiritually. You will find that the man who comes back will be a clean living, straight, and a nobler character than when he came out here. So now dear friends I must close this letter and in closing cannot find anything more appropriate to say than the opening lines of that grand old hymn, one of the last we heard before leaving our country, "God be with you till we meet again."

With best regards and sincere wishes for

your prosperity, I remain, yours sincerely,

Pte. H. BRADWELL.

**Supply of Screenings
Interrupted**

The Department of Agriculture for Alberta has been facilitating the distribution of available cheap feed for hogs and other animals by receiving and forwarding applications for screenings purchased by the Federal Live Stock Branch from the elevators and supplied to farmers and associations at cost.

Announcement has been made to the Provincial Department of Agriculture that the demand is such that the present supply is exhausted and that it will not likely be possible to fill new orders for a period of six weeks.

WANTED—LEASE

Wanted lease or rent of half good wild hay quarter for 1918 Box No. 361, Didsbury. 4p6

FOR SALE

Ten Blood Rhode Island Roosters. Apply W. H. Ganoung, Didsbury, R. No. 1. 4p5

\$5.00 REWARD

Strayed—A black filly rising 3 years old, percheron breed; white star on forehead, left hind foot white, branded **S** on left hip. Please notify owner, W. F. Brown, Elkton, Alta. 1

STRAYED

Strayed from my place about June 15th, 1917, one dark brown yearling stud colt, white spot in forehead, and branded **B** on right jaw. Parties knowing whereabouts of this horse, kindly advise me regarding same. O. R. Turna cliff, Olds, Alberta. 3p1

ESTRAY

On the premises of John Klaholt, E 1-2 Sec. 32-31-1 W. 5, 2-year-old steer, red and white, undercut left ear, branded **X** on left rib, been on premises about one month. W. F. Sick, Brand Reader, Didsbury, Alta., Dec. 14th, 1917.

STRAYED

Two yearling heifers, also 3 cows with calf at foot, branded **X** on right side. Reward. Emil Petersen, Sundre P.O., Alta. 4p1

ESTRAY

A reward will be given for return or information leading to recovery of one bay mare coming 2. No brand. Notify W. F. Lehigh, Didsbury. 3-1

FOR SALE

N. W. Cr. 32-31-27, W. 4th Mer. 160 acres fenced, and good land. Price \$11.00 per acre. Owner, Mrs. E. Ballard, 21 Argyle Court, Calgary. 4-4



LOOKS LIKE REVOLUTION.

According to reports such scenes as this are common in the streets of the large Russian cities today.

**Coal Mine Investigation**

Mine Disasters Believed to Be Due to Geological Bumps

George S. Rice, the well-known eastern mining expert, called in by the provincial government to investigate the "lumps" in the Crow's Nest coal mining field, held responsible for disasters, including one last spring when more than a score of lives were lost, has made his report. The most important of his findings is that he recommends a permanent commission be formed to investigate and review the evidence, collected by members of the commission, the inspectors of mines and others, having on its membership a geologist, a mining engineer, a chemist and an experienced mining operator.

Mr. Rice says the "bumps" are believed to have been caused by subsidence of the roof in certain areas under rigid rocks, leaving a great unsupported span of rock stratum. When one of these gives way it means the hammer-like blows of thousands of tons of rock striking on the immediate roof of flexible stratum overlaying the mine, which imparts the blow downward, breaking the timber, causing extensive falls in the mine, and sending rock tremors through the strata.

Survey Forest Resources

Ontario Commission Has But Meager Details at Hand

The commission of conservation hopes soon to undertake a survey of the forest resources of Ontario similar to the investigations it has already made in British Columbia and Saskatchewan. Only the most fragmentary data respecting the forests of Ontario are now available although there is a vast amount of detailed information in the possession of timber owners, government officers and railways which could probably be secured. The commission is handicapped in undertaking such an investigation by the scarcity of competent foresters.

At present Ontario has the largest fire protection organization on the continent. Last year at the height of the fire season, its staff consisted of about 1,000 men.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors put much faith in the curative power of Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75¢.

A Solar Plexus Blow

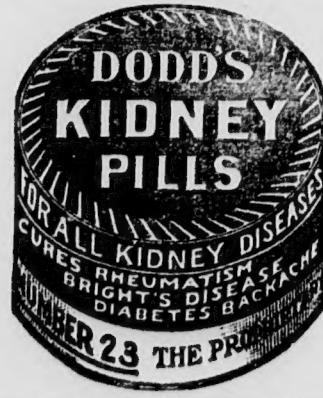
Money advanced by the United States to the now non-existent provisional Russian government, is for the most part still here in the form of supplies prepared or preparing for shipment, and it will remain here for a while. This is the word from Washington and it is relieving. To be deprived of this promising meal-ticket just as General Kaledine and his Cossacks are preparing to cut off bread and coal from the Bolshevik outfit is likely to prove a sad blow to the fattening hopes of that mixture of idleness and anarchy and treachery in "government."—New York World.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Rose From the Ranks

General Verkhovsky, who was the last of the distinguished soldiers who served as ministers of war in Russia, was popular with the army owing in all probability to the fact that he had served in the ranks. In his early years, as the result of some conflict with authority, he left the military college and entered the army as a private, in which capacity he went through the Manchurian campaign. He was a simple colonel on the outbreak of the present war, and when Rumania joined the allies saw most of the fighting following upon Falkenhayn's "break through."

The largest tree in the world stands at Mascali, near the foot of Mount Etna, its trunk being 204 feet in circumference. It is called "The Chestnut Tree of a hundred Horses," because of a legend that a queen and her court once took shelter from the rain under its branches.



W. N. U. 1190

A Grippe Epidemic

Every winter Health Boards warn against this weakening disease which often strikes those who are least prepared to resist it. You should strengthen yourself against grippe by taking

SCOTT'S EMULSIONS

which is the cream of cod liver oil, refined, purified and so skilfully prepared that it enriches the blood streams, creates reserve strength and fortifies the lungs and throat.

Don't delay—it may mean much.

Use SCOTT'S Refuse Substitutes

Scott & Bowe, Toronto, Ont.

CHILBLAINS —

Easily and Quicly Cured with

EGYPTIAN LINIMENT

For Sale by All Dealers DOUGLAS & CO Proprietors

Germany's Nemesis

German Militarism Already Defeated ed by the Economic Forces Ranged Against It

The German rush into Northern Italy is a showy political success. It will inflate pride and inspire the lusty singing of "Deutschland über Alles," but it will not fill German stomachs, nor will it furnish German factories with the raw material for which they are starving. German militarism is not merely discredited, it is already defeated, by the economic forces ranged against it. Germany has brought military victory with financial ruin. The kaiser has ridden in triumph through Brussels, Belgrade, Warsaw and Bukhara. What does that avail him while an unbreakable wall of steel bars his way to the heart of France, and while Great Britain and the United States hold the ocean roads? With every month of war Germany's ruin must become more assured. Militarism is already out at elbows. When peace is signed it will be in the bankruptcy court. After that, democracy may be trusted to prevent its rerudescence.—London Daily Express.

Children suffering from worms soon show the symptoms, and any mother can detect the presence of these parasites by the writhings and fretting of the child. Until expelled and the system cleared of them, the child cannot regain its health. Miller's Worm Powders are prompt and efficient, not only for the eradication of worms, but also as a toner for children that are run down in consequence.

Home Canned Vegetables

Reports that there is danger of poisoning from vegetables preserved by the cold pack method have been placed in the category of enemy propaganda by Charles Lathrop Pack, president of the U.S. national emergency food garden commission. "The cold pack method has been in use for five years and neither death nor serious illness has resulted from food canned according to directions," Pack said: "Home canned goods are safe and necessary."

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Parcels for Prisoners

Send One Parcel Every Three Months to War Prisoners

According to new regulations concerning the forwarding of parcels to prisoners of war in Germany, other than officers, recently received from the prisoners of war department, London, England, relatives of prisoners will be allowed to forward direct one parcel every three months.

A coupon for that purpose must first be obtained from the central committee of prisoners of war, and application for this coupon made direct by the relative to prisoners of war department, 14-16 Cockspur street, London, England. Everyone must bear in mind that no parcel can be forwarded without first obtaining this coupon.

Parcel must not weigh over eleven pounds, and may contain any of the following: Pipe, sponge, pencils, pomade, regimental badges, shaving brush, shaving soap, safety razor, mohair bootlaces, pipe-lights, hussars, one handkerchief, one stick, health salts, insecticide, braces or webbing belts, combs, hair brushes, cloth brushes, tooth brushes, buttons, chess, checkers, dominoes, hobnails, candies, medal ribbons, brass polish, mittens, muffler.

Parcel liable to confiscation if other articles included.

German Attacks**Behind the Lines**

The Lesson Written in the Italian Drive

But even if a supreme disaster has been escaped in Italy it is essential that no allied statesman and no allied patriot should mistake the lesson there written. By every influence that she can exert Germany is attacking behind the lines and in the ranks of her enemies. The Anarchists, the Socialists, the Clericals, the intellectual and the ignorant, the visionary thinker and the man without thought—all are seized upon by her. The Utopian ideals of some, the selfish cowardice of others—these are the lines through which Germany operates for the destruction of her enemies and the dissolution of the national unity of the countries who are fighting her.

Allied armies have now come to the support of Italy. We may hope that Venice is safe and the crest of the invasion is passed, but unless we recognize that the same forces which induced the Italian disaster are operating in France, in England and here at home in the United States we shall have at no distant date to confront another crash, another collapse like that which has taken place in Russia in totality and in Italy in part. Germany has lost the war so far as it is a military question. She cannot defeat the armies of her enemies. She can win only by corrupting the people behind the armies and portions of the armies themselves. Russian and Italian events should serve the greater end; they should be final evidences of the way, and the one way, that the war may be lost. If they do serve this end they may yet prove a beginning of defeat rather than the high water marks of the latest and most dangerous of all German campaigns.—New York Tribune.

Protect the child from the ravages of worms by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It is a standard remedy, and years of use have enhanced its reputation.

What the Navy Has Done

Interesting Figures Concerning Exploits of Navy Given by Prime Minister

In the course of his eulogy of the services in the house of commons recently the Prime Minister stated that since the beginning of the war there have been transported across the seas under the navy's protection:

13,000,000 men; 2,000,000 horses 25,000,000 tons of explosives and supplies; 50,000,000 tons of coal, oil and other fuel; 113,000,000 tons of food and other materials.

Our naval losses have been only 3,500 men, of whom 2,700 lost their lives through the action of the enemy.

The original expeditionary force numbered 160,000 men. Today the expeditionary force was over 3,000,000, the creation of which was "probably the greatest feat of military organization in the world."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen,—Last winter I received great benefit from the use of MINARD'S LINIMENT in a severe attack of LaGrippe, and I have frequently proved it to be very effective in cases of inflammation.

Yours,

W. A. HUTCHINSON.

Trans-Atlantic Air Voyages

Before the war is over, America will be delivering its aeroplanes at the front in Europe by having them fly across the Atlantic in blocks, is the opinion of Caproni, famous Italian inventor of the big machine of that name.

Caproni said recently in Paris that he expected one of his machines to cross the Atlantic before long, and that flights of squadrons across the ocean would become common later.

**Relieves Stiff Neck**

When you wake up with a stiff neck or sore muscles, strains or sprains, use Sloan's Liniment. No need to rub; it quickly penetrates to the seat of pain and removes it. Cleaner than musky plasters or ointments. It does not stain the skin or clog the pores. Always have a bottle handy for rheumatic aches, neuralgia, soreness, bruises and lame back. In fact, all external pain.

Generous sized bottles at your druggist, 25c., 50c., \$1.00.

Sloan's Liniment

KILLS PAIN

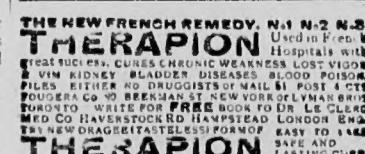
SAVE THE CALVES

Mightiest swing ever aimed at Abortion, Sterility, and Premature delivery or one hundred cattle treated in 5 minutes. Use one half of our product, if not satisfied return the balance and get your money back. Kalf-Saver sells 25 pounds \$4.00. Send for printed matter.

Plant and Head Office, Edmonton, Alberta. P. O. Box, 321



Wood's Phosphodine. The Great English Remedy. Tone and invigorate the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Depression, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Faintness, Memory. Price \$1 per box, six for \$5. Once will please, six will cure. Boldly all druggists or mail in plain pkg. on receipt of money. Keep phosphodine mixed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Family Doctor)



THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, NO. 1 N-2 N-3 THERAPION Used French Hospital with great success. CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESS, LOST VIGOR, DEGENERATION, HAIR FALL, BLOODED SKIN, ETC. ETC. ETC. DRUGGISTS MAIL IN ORDERS. POST 4 CTS. FOUGERA CO. LTD. 89 BLOOR ST. TORONTO. OR 1000. FREE BOOK TO DR. LE CLERC. LONDON, ENGLAND. LONDON, ENGLAND. THE NEW DRUGGETTE'S TELESS FORM OF EASY TO TAKE LASTING CURE. THAT TRADE MARKED WORD THERAPION IS IN DAN. GOVERNMENT APPROVED TO ALL GENUINE PACKETS.

CEDAR FENCE POLES. Farmers when in want of Cedar Fence Posts, be sure and write us for prices on carload lots delivered at your station. Also for Telephone Poles. We have our own Timber Limits and can tell you where they are going.

LUMBER in carload lots, strictly highest grades of Coast Lumber and Shingles. Send us your bills of Lumber for prices before ordering elsewhere. Prices lowest Wholesale. Shipments direct from Mills.

CEMENT AND WOODFIRE PLASTER in either full or mixed carload lots.

SALT in carload lots for prompt shipments, which can include Common Coarse or Fine Salt, Dairy Salt, Lump Rock Salt or fifty pound hard pressed salt in blocks for Livestock.

SUGAR, both Granulated and Yellow Sugar in carload lots or less.

FENCE WIRE, Either Barb Wire or Woven Wire Fencing, in any quantity.

Write us for prices on any of these and state quantity desired. The first here to ship direct from Mill to Consumer.

MCCOLLUM LUMBER & SUPPLY CO. Merchants Bank Bldg. Winnipeg, Man.

Chestnuts for Munitions

Queen Mary has been setting an example to the few remaining women "slackers" in England.

During her recent stay at the royal residence at Sandringham, she organized and supervised a collection of over a ton of horse chestnuts which were sent to munition factories. The nuts are used in place of grain in the production of munitions and thus effect a large saving in the country's food supply.

New Arrival—And where do I go when this shelling business starts?

Sandy (late of the "Wee Kirk")—Laddie, that a' depends on your religious opinions!

Preserves getting low?

Tide over the winter with

CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP

Everybody likes this delicious Table Syrup—and it's much less expensive than butter for the children to eat with bread.

At all Grocers—2, 5, 10 and 20 lb. tins—3 lb. Glass Jars.

Write for free Cook Book.

THE CANADA STARCH CO. LIMITED, MONTREAL.



NORTH AMERICAN CONTINENT MUST SUPPLY BULK OF FOOD FOR ALLIES

EVERY EFFORT NECESSARY TO MEET DEFICIENCY

Geographical Position of Canada and the United States in Relation To the Allies, Makes It Imperative That This Continent Provide the Food Necessary for Support of Allied Cause

Until new ships, which are now under construction, become available as cargo carriers, the allies must depend upon the North American continent for wheat and flour. Europe must import not less than 450,000,000 bushels of wheat, or the equivalent in flour, before the next harvest.

The United States today has not one bushel more than would be required for normal consumption in that country, and Canada has only a surplus of 110,000,000 bushels.

There is wheat in Argentina, in Australia, in New Zealand, but without more shipping it cannot be moved. North America must supply almost the entire wheat needs of the allies at least for the next three or four months. The allied nations in Europe had completely exhausted all accessible reserves when the 1917 crop became available. Unfortunately the new harvest of France was less than half the production of a normal year before the war. The Italian crop was also much below the average. Both these countries have required larger amounts of foodstuffs from this continent than was anticipated and their needs will continue.

The geographic position of Canada and the United States in relation to the allies makes it imperative that this continent should provide the food which must be forthcoming during the next few months. Let us then clearly understand the situation. The essentials are:

1. The allies must be fed.
2. They have in their own countries only a fraction of the food required for their own people.

3. Until the shipping shortage is relieved several months hence, the allies must depend upon Canada and the United States to make up their deficiency of essential food supplies, including wheat.

4. Canada and the United States can only spare the needed supplies by reducing their own consumption by at least 20 per cent.

5. If Canada and the United States should fail to make up the allies' deficiency of food, the soldiers would have to go short and the whole allied cause might be endangered.

6. Individual effort, individual saving of individual spoonfuls of flour, individual economy in the use of bread and flour and individual substitution of other cereals for wheat alone can save the situation and give to the men at the front the support which they must have.

A New Industry

Camphor is being grown in Florida. Since the outbreak of the war, it has been difficult to procure camphor from Formosa, from which place the previous supply had almost entirely come. There are already large plantations being devoted to the growing of this tree, which it has been proven, grows well in Florida. The largest plantation is reported to be the Statsuma plantation of 2,000 acres in Putnam county.

One in Twenty-one Owns Auto

The number of registrations of automobiles in Saskatchewan has now reached 32,458. This means that there are the same number of cars in the province, or, placing the population at 700,000, one car to every 21 of the population. The fact that most of the car owners are farmers is a sign of the agricultural prosperity of the province.

Machine Gun as a Defence Weapon

Single One Can Easily Hold Up a Regiment Under Favorable Conditions

The present war has proven the machine gun the greatest defensive weapon yet developed. A single one can easily hold up an entire battalion, and under favorable circumstances an entire regiment.

The full value of the machine gun was apparently appreciated by Germany before the war began to a much greater extent than by any of the other European armies. With the outbreak of hostilities each active and reserve regiment of the German army had six machine guns with ample in reserve to replace losses.

Since then Germany has maintained a steady program of increase in their number. Towards the end of 1914 Germany had undertaken to equip every unit engaged on the front with machine guns.

In 1915 the number of these to each regiment had been increased from six to nine. A little later the number was again increased to 12.

Following the French attack in Champagne of September, 1915, every German battalion was equipped with six machine guns each, increasing thus the total of each regiment to 18.

Now Germany is rapidly completing a program that will give each regiment 24 machine guns.

Only one protection can be offered the infantrymen against the thousands and hundreds of thousands of losses that these guns can inflict and that is an artillery preparation exceeding anything which the present war has yet developed. Before infantrymen leap over the trenches thousands of cannon must rain down hundreds of thousands of shells on every inch of ground to be attacked until not a single spot has escaped where a machine gun might remain hidden.

This artillery preparation must not only be on a scale to cover every inch of the surface of the ground but must be of an intensity to destroy steel and concrete shelters, yards below the surface. A single machine gun left intact in one of these shelters can be mounted to the surface after the infantry had left its trenches and inflict hundreds if not thousands of losses.

With the artillery preparation which the French have perfected they have demonstrated that it is mathematically possible to wipe out every machine gun before a single infantryman shows his head.

With the French method and with sufficient guns and shells, American infantry can face the German's new machine gun concentration with practical immunity.

But it means that America must have thousands of guns and millions of shells.—By Henry Wood, with the French Armies.

Anti-Submarine Bombs

Explode at Any Depth Is Claim of Inventor

As one method of dealing summarily with Germany's U-boats, an American inventor has proposed to use bombs of a special type, designed to explode at any desired depth when thrown into the sea, says the Popular Mechanics magazine in an illustrated article. The missile would be dropped from air craft or submarine chasers when an enemy boat was sighted beneath the water or seen to submerge. The bomb is connected by a light cable to a buoyant chamber that floats on the surface. As it sinks, the line, which is wrapped around it, unreels until a predetermined depth is reached. The jerk that then occurs actuates the detonator and discharges the explosive. When submerged at any considerable depth, a submarine is under enormous pressure. An explosion such as that of a high-power bomb, occurring in close proximity to it would cause it to collapse.

Tell the Whole Story

Lloyd George's statement that five German submarines were destroyed on Saturday alone will send a thrill through Great Britain and the United States. This is the kind of news that all the allies need. There ought to be more of it, and there would be more of it if the censorship were relaxed. It is time to allow the full story to be told of the campaign against the German submarines which the British and American navies have carried out with such brilliant results.—New York World.

God and the Casualty List

How War Drove a Doubter to Belief in Immortality

The war put into my soul something that it has never harbored since the day when I took my first step alone—fear. Fear of what might happen to this country has turned me from a mild pacifist into a violent advocate of preparedness. Fear of what might happen to business made me lose more chances in these three years than ever before in my life. And recently there was added another fear, the fear of death.

The fear of God, I remember hearing once in church, is the beginning of wisdom. Perhaps that is true. Perhaps I needed this war to jog me out of my comfortable, unquestioning rut and make me think why I am here, and where I am going, and what it is all about. Perhaps the whole world needed it. Who can say?

It is not my own death that I have feared, I think I can say that without any self-deception. I have feared, fear terribly even now, the possible death of my boy. I visited him at the camp only a few Sundays ago. They let him come over to the hotel where I was staying for a few hours and stay with me.

Virtue is its own reward, I said to myself. If a man lives decently and uprightly, the chances are he will live long and prosper.

I have been allowed to live a good many years, and have been comfortable and happy. But what about my son? His virtue has led him to volunteer his life in the service of a great ideal. Suppose he loses his life? In what way has his virtue been rewarded? If Nero and the Christian martyrs go down to the same oblivion, if the robber of widows and orphans and his victims are sunk by the same submarine, what is the answer?

Argue about it as we will, no man can stand amid the ruins of the San Francisco earthquake or in front of a casualty list in Europe and make himself believe that every human being gets his exact deserts here on this earth. In spite of all argument, justice cries out for some place and time of adjustment; reason insists that life, ending here so senselessly, must be only an episode in a greater and more reasonable whole.

I recently heard a British army officer quoted as saying that he had never seen a single man in the trenches who questioned immortality. Face to face with death, no man can convince himself that death is the end. Even Huxley, who in his strong manhood when his pulses were leaping, could weigh calmly the thought of extinction, found the Great Hope forcing itself into his soul as he drew nearer the end.

If all the truth were known I doubt if any man, since the creation has died without some flicker of that hope. Even Tocqueville, standing at his brother's bier, spoke of the "rustle of a wing." And I, solid, settled man of affairs, I, who had thought that a relish of duty and service was sufficient, I was caught up in the flood of the hope from the moment when my boy announced his decision, and carried on in spite of myself. Immortality a purely specious moment; but it became all at that moment; but it became all at once to me the realtest, most pressing, most important subject in the world.

I began reading books on immortality and one after another I tossed them aside as unconvincing. I turned away from them back to the scientific teachers of my earlier days; and here—in the quarter where I had never thought to find it—I came upon my first crumb of comfort. For I discovered that not all the greatest men of science, by any means, had rejected the Great Hope. They were divided, even as other men, half on one side, half on the other. Huxley, to be sure, died in agnosticism, not daring to sheath his soul in faith. But William James, and Kepler, and Sir Oliver Lodge, and William Oster, and scores of others, knowing all that Huxley knew, with the same facilities for judgement and research, these refused to disbelieve. I stretched out my hands to these sturdy champions eagerly.—From the American Magazine.

Fight Against Weariness

One Road Leads to Victory, the Other to Defeat

We must fight against weariness. It is unworthy of us. We must neither write, nor talk, nor think about being weary if we have won the war. We at home have one clear duty, namely, to support by every means in our power, moral and material, our sons, who are bearing themselves so heroically before the enemy. They are not weary and we have no right to be weary either. "We are at the parting of the ways." One road leads to victory, the other to defeat. These are the only two roads open to us, and we have got to choose between them. All talk about a third road through Stockholm, Rome or elsewhere is a device of the enemy to save his own neck. Weariness won't help us to victory. Courage, resolution, endurance will. Did Pitt tire after Austerlitz, or Wellington after Burgos? Nay, but are the French tiring now?—From the London Observer.

An inventor is a genius who discovers a lot of things that are already patented.

WHAT GERMANY WOULD PLAN TO DO IF SHE SHOULD WIN THE WAR

WOULD PUNISH THE WHOLE WORLD IF VICTORIOUS

If Hohenzollerns Attained Victory They Would Use It First to Crush People of Own Country Who Wish a Peaceful World, Then Impose Ruthless Military Rule the World Over

It is well that the allies should understand that when phrases like "Peace with reconciliation" and "Disarmament," are ripe in Germany, they mean no more than that for the time being, the fortune of war is not smiling on Germany. So it was a few months ago, when on July 19 the German Reichstag, by a large majority, passed the now famous resolution. So is it not now, thanks to the revolution in Russia and the German peace propaganda in Italy, which has made the central European alliance so strong and close?

We need not multiply quotations. They would only confirm the impression that if Germany were to obtain victory, she would use it first to crush down those of her own people who wish for a peaceful world, and next to impose a ruthless military domination on every part of the world. But if she cannot get victory, she is all for peace—peace with reconciliation. Her alternative policies are to punish the whole world if she is successful, to avoid punishment if she is beaten. She is like her own soldiers, who failing to kill, throw up their hands and cry "Kamerad!"

Tricks of a German Spy

An Old Russian Merchant Who Dealt in Damaged Laces

The successful spy is generally the least obvious person in the community he endangers, says A. Curtis Roth in The Saturday Evening Post. He may be a commercial traveler, a small tradesman, a waiter, a mechanic or a wandersome bon vivant.

One of the most successful German spies operating from Saxony was an old Russian merchant who dealt in damaged laces and broken lots. He bought lace and embroidery samples and two cases of cigarettes. The

successor of the Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung has been publishing a semi-official review of the operations on the west front written in language that reminds one of the phase of madness in which the patient imagines himself to be emperor of the world. One phrase may be selected from many. "He who is a good German knows that he is as one with the High Command and their great aim, which will, moreover, be attained, victory on all fronts, on land and sea, or, in other words of old Colonel Kottwitz—"In the dust with all the enemies of the Brandenburg."

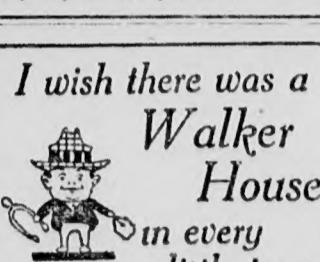
Even the Austrian papers have been infected, and it may be suspected that one of the chief reasons for the huge onslaught on Italy, was not so much to attack Italy as to encourage Austria. "Today," wrote the Austrian Fremdenblatt, on October 31, "after more than three years of terrible war, Roumania and Serbia are annihilated, Russia is shattered, Italy is pierced to the heart. The tremendous importance of our alliance with Germany will now be evident to the dullest mind, and everyone must now recognize that the main pillar of our policy must be the alliance with Germany." The Vienna Extrablatt of the same date maintained that the central powers will determine by the sword the course of events. "It is their alliance which has reaped the victory, and it is they who will dictate the new order of things for the welfare even of those who now resist them."

Count von Reventlow, as was to be expected spreads himself and Germany still more widely as a result of the Italian successes. Writing in the Deutsche Tageszeitung of October 31, he said: "We confine ourselves today to a general statement of our aims—that, for the future, an active Adriatic policy on the part of Italy shall be made completely impossible, and this not by paper guarantees"—(no one knows better than the Germans the value of paper guarantees) "but by real guarantees; that is to say by appropriate territorial changes on the coast of the Adriatic." Germany and Austria-Hungary are to work together as regards the development of their power "in the Mediterranean and the world." "The Mediterranean was the weak side of the old triple alliance. The new quadruple alliance can, after the overthrow of Italy, give quite a different appearance to the Mediterranean problem. This can be done by creating and securing two central points of power—the Adriatic and Constantinople, with the Straits. Such a political, maritime and economic position would stand in the closest combination with the position of the German empire in the north, and, if this position remains dominant in the Baltic and on the coast of Flanders, Great Britain's sea tyranny will be set a difficult and probably an insoluble problem."

The Frankfurter Zeitung, usually a rather moderate journal, has also joined the chorus. On November 31 it wrote: "The entente will never be

able to subdue fate, and the result of its present attitude and endeavor will be what it need not have been at the outset, namely, defeat." "If the entente had only been willing to conclude before the war began on understanding it would have been saved the complete overthrow of Roumania, the submarine warfare, the Russian revolution and now the victory in Italy which has made the central European alliance so strong and close?"

For each bachelor who sighs because he is alone fully a dozen married men sigh because they are not.



I wish there was a WALKER HOUSE in every little town;
Then I could travel merrily,
And always sit me down
At night in peace and comfort,
Happier than king with crown,
If there was just one Walker House
In every little town.

I wish there was a WALKER HOUSE in each place where I go,
The comforts of my dear old home
While on the road I'd know.
The meals—the cheerful Service, too,
Would leave no cause to frown,
If there was just one Walker House
In every little town.

The Walker House
The House of Plenty Toronto Geo. Wright E. M. Carroll

W. N. U. 1190

AROUND THE TOWN

J. V. Berscht is holding a \$20,000 Clearaway Sale commencing Feb. 2nd. His price list is very attractive and no doubt this sale will prove a big benefit to the public.

Clarence Finkbeiner was taken to Calgary on Monday to undergo an operation for appendicitis. Will Miller accompanied him. The operation was performed on Tuesday, and he is getting along fine.

Mrs. W. F. Sick went to Siebertville a few days ago on a visit to her son John. Unfortunately the weather has been so cold that no one wishes to face the long drive, so Mrs. Sick has had to prolong her visit.

A Recital will be given by Miss Kate McKillip's music pupils on Friday, February 1st, at the Opera House, beginning at 8 o'clock, the proceeds of which will go towards the Red Cross Fund. Adults 25c, children 15c.

Reports from Ontario and the east on Tuesday stated that a terrific blizzard and snow storms were raging, trains being delayed all over, and some out of Toronto being unable to proceed on their journey. We are not the only ones who are having winter weather.

Local curlers took in the bonspiel at Olds last week. A. G. Studer, A. Brusso, J. V. Berscht, Jim Reed and Geo. Alden represented Didsbury, and while they failed to bring home any trophies they made their opponents sit up and take notice as the following item from the Olds Gazette testifies: "Studer, whose rink had not played this year, put

up some good games. He was one of the best skips on the ice."

The following shipment of articles made by the local Red Cross was shipped to the Calgary depot by the Vice-President, Mrs. H. E. Osmond, on January 18th: Scarf, 12 kit bags, 36 pyjamas, 3 pairs hospital trousers, 32 binders, 21 many tailed bandages, 24 towels, 12 T bandages, 36 hospital handkerchiefs, 48 pillow cases, 18 operation stockings, 90 triangular bandages, 9 nurses' aprons, 5 day shirts, 2 pneumonia jackets, 10 triangular slings, Balala cap, 24 pairs of stockings.

Two young men who are prisoners of war have sent cards to the W. C. T. U. acknowledging the parcels received, Pte. L. S. Blampied, No. 13639 and Pte. F. G. Trickett, No. 21527. They write: "Received parcels in good condition and regular, with very best thanks." We trust the Didsbury friends will continue to support the needy cause.

Capt. (Dr.) A. J. Weart, of Calgary, was a visitor on business in town on Saturday. He came over from England on duty with a number of invalided men in the fall and expects to be returned again shortly. His little daughter, Margaret, is slowly recovering after her recent severe illness. A great many of his friends in the district who saw him while in town were pleased to renew old friendships. He states that since he came back to Canada he realizes how little the Canadians are suffering in material comforts compared to those over on the other side of water, and is full of praise for the Canadian boys over on the other side. He states that he saw Capt. (Dr.) Reid while over there, as well as a lot of the other local boys, and says that Capt. Reid is the same good old scout as ever and that he is getting fat and looking fine.

Rosebud Items

The weather of late has been rather cool, but the farmers are busy getting their hay bailed and hauled to town.

The basket supper held at the Rosebud school some time ago was a huge success as they realized \$133.75 for the Red Cross. Mrs. J. C. Stevens donated a silk crazy quilt to be sold, which brought \$35, and the baskets and lunches brought the rest. Alice Stevens deserves much credit for training the children.

Mr. Fox received word last Friday that his brother passed away in Calgary.

Lars Nelson and family are joy riding these days in a Ford car. Lars says there is nothing like keeping up with the times.

Mr. Eubank returned from Ontario better satisfied with Alberta than ever.

Mr. Taylor's children have been very sick with sore throat.

Abe Meek has been hauling hogs at 17c per lb. of late.

The Klaholt sale was well attended and everything sold well. The sale amounted to about \$12,900.

An eight pound girl made her appearance at the C. S. Chapin home on Jan. 10th.

Mrs. A. J. Peron has been sick with the Grippe.

A Literary society has organized at Rosebud school. Everybody come and help make it a success.

Neapolis News

Why is Mr. Henry Hooper looking so pleased? Congratulations, Henry! How is the new baby boy?

Mr. Richard Oldham, while bailing for A. R. Johnston, sold his gasoline boiler to Mr. Roberts and Mr. Sherk. Bailing and drawing hay is the order of the day.

Mountain View Municipality

The Council of Mountain View Municipality held a meeting at Olds on Jan. 7th, the following Councillors being present and taking the oath of office: H. E. Pearson, Wm. Rupp, A. D. Platt, Geo. Metz. Absent: W. E. Flynn and T. A. Leach.

On motion H. E. Pearson was elected Reeve for the year 1918.

The Olds hospital will be paid the sum of \$300 during 1918, said sum to be paid monthly at the rate of \$25 per month, and if a Municipal hospital is established during that time the balance remaining unpaid shall stop.

Lawyers representing Mr. L. B. Bardeau wrote asking for damages because his outfit was upset about 15 miles east of Didsbury, claiming the road was in a defective state.

The Secretary was instructed to write the Solicitors that the Council does not consider themselves liable for the accident, and also that insufficient notice was given as required by law.

The Council decided to send Councillors Rupp and Metz as delegates to the next Convention of Rural Municipalities to be held in February and that their expenses be paid. It was also decided that if any other member of the Council wished to attend that their expenses should also be paid.

Mr. J. M. Reed, of Didsbury, was appointed auditor for 1918 at a salary of \$50 per audit.

It was moved and carried that the Reeve be paid \$4 per day and 10c per mile and the Councillors \$3 per day and 10c per mile for attending Council meetings, and that they be paid \$3 per day and 10c per mile for supervision of road work.

The Reeve and Secretary-Treasurer was authorized to make the necessary financial arrangements for the Municipality during the year.

The following Councillors were

authorized to supervise the construction and maintenance of roads in the respective sub-divisions: Div. 1, Geo. Metz; Div. 2, H. E. Pearson; Div. 3, W. Rupp; Div. 4, L. A. Leach; Div. 5, A. D. Platt; Div. 6, W. T. Flynn.

The Council adjourned to meet again on March 2nd at Olds.

LOANS FOR LIVESTOCK

THE UNION BANK OF CANADA is prepared to make loans to good farmers on reasonable terms, to purchase cattle for feeding or breeding purposes.

It is in the best interests of farmers to increase their herds.

Consult the Local Manager for particulars.

UNION BANK

OF CANADA

Paid Up Capital: \$5,000,000.00

Total Assets: \$135,000,000.00

The Pioneer Bank of Western Canada.

T. W. CUNCANNON, Manager

Didsbury Branch

ATLAS LUMBER CO.

Dealers in

Lumber, Windows,

Doors, Mouldings,

Plaster, Etc.

And all kinds of Building Material.

Galt Coal

Hard Coal, and Briquettes always on hand.

T. Thompson, Manager

DIDSURY, ALBERTA.

Of Interest to Farmers

To avoid delay and inconvenience in having their Spring harness and repair work done in time to go on the land, I would strongly advise farmers to bring their work in early and give us a chance to give you that good work and satisfaction that is so difficult to give when overburdened with work. Our prices for repairs are very reasonable and mean a big saving when high prices of new harness are considered. We clean, oil and blacken harness for

\$3.00 per set team harness

Bring your's in and see us make it look like a new set.

This year I am showing some special good lines and values in

Plow and Spring Team Harness

Have you seen the new 4-ply waterproof heavy canvass belting harness? This new harness material I am sure will interest you and I will be glad to have your opinion on them.

I have in stock

all harness repair parts, also driving, buggy, democrat and team harness, saddles and all riding equipment.

My line of

Travelling Goods

is very complete and at prices that will compete with the largest firms in the West.

Note address is—

W. J. HILLYARD

Didsbury Harness Store

DIDSURY ALBERTA



King Hiram Lodge No. 21, A.F.&A.M.
Meets every Tuesday evening on or before full moon. All visiting brethren welcome.

W. G. LIESEMER, A. BRUSO,
Secretary. W. M.



DIDSURY LODGE NO. 18, I.O.O.F.
Meets in Oddfellows Hall, Didsbury, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock sharp. Visiting Oddfellows always welcome.

S. R. WOOD, Secy. G. F. SMITH, N. G.

Dr. W. MacL. Duncan, D.D.S.

Dental Surgeon

Graduate Chicago College of Dental Surgery.

Office opposite Rosebud Hotel, Osler street. Business Phone 120

Didsbury Alberta

Earle E. Freeman, L.L.B.

(Successor to W. A. Austin)

Solicitor for Union Bank of Canada, Royal Bank of Canada, Western Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Town of Didsbury.

MONEY TO LOAN

Didsbury Alberta

Dr. W. G. Evans, M.D.

Physician, Surgeon

Graduate of Toronto University. Office opposite Rosebud Hotel, Osler street. Residence Phone 50 Office Phone 120

Didsbury Alberta

J. L. Clarke, M.D., L.M.C.C.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON

Graduate University of Manitoba. Late senior house surgeon of St. Michaels hospital, Newark, N. J. Office and residence: One block west of Union Bank.

PHONE 128

DIDSURY ALBERTA

VETERINARY SURGEON

Dr. I. E. PASLEY, D.V.M.

I am prepared to answer calls day or night. Parturition work and surgery my specialties.

Phone Central DIDSURY OR OLDS

DR. A. J. MALMAS,

VETERINARY SURGEON

Graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College.

Obstetrics, Surgery and Animal Dentistry a Specialty.

Calls answered day or night.

PHONE 143

Residence King Edward St., DIDSURY

WESTERDALE METHODIST CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. R. H. Parry
Service every Sunday at 11 a.m.
Sunday School at 12 p.m.
Epworth League at 8 p.m.
Prayer and Praise Service every Wednesday at 2.30 p.m.

A hearty invitation extended to all.



THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

Livestock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$3 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—1141.

We want your

POULTRY AND POTATOES

For which we will pay you highest market prices.

Remember our Creamery is at your service. Our prices for cream and milk are attracting good customers and we can do as well for you.

Best Service

Best Prices

CLOVERHILL CREAMERY

DIDSURY, ALBERTA.

R. LeBlanc, Proprietor

An advertisement in the
Pioneer always pays